

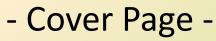
Assertive Community Treatment A Trialogical Network Approach in Berlin

WPA XVII World Congress of Psychiatry Berlin 12.10.2017

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Susanne Ackers - Thomas Floeth Trialogical Network Approach



pinel Netzwerk

Netzwerk integrierte Gesundheitsversorgung Pinel gGmbH



Unterstützung in psychischen Krisen

Ambulante Krisenbegleitung »

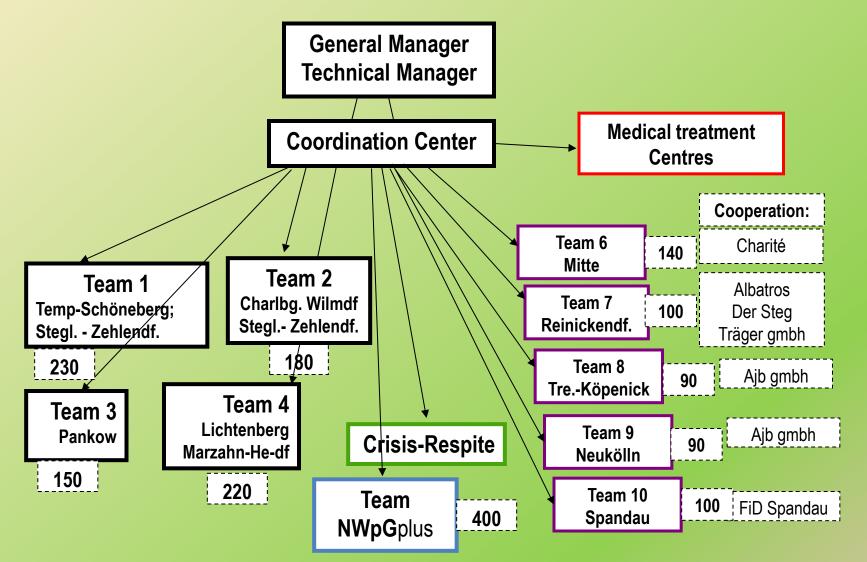
Hilfe & Begleitung bei Arbeitsunfähigkeit Gesundheit & Arbeitsfähigkeit » Versorgungsprogramme mit Krankenkassen Verträge im Überblick »

Pinel Network of Integrated Health Care Itd (non-profit; founded: 2007)

- 5 multi-professional teams in regional offices
- 1 coordination center, 1 crisis refuge
- Contracts with health insurance: NWpG, SeGel etc (N= 1.300, >5.000)
- NWpGplus: treatment for certified sick clients (N= 400; >1.800))



The Network of integrated health care in Berlin



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Who we are - Crisis-resolution

contracts

- Projects funded by health insurance (esp. TK; Techniker Kasse)
- Aim: *preventing* or *avoiding* hospital stays
- Covers all F diagnoses with the exception of F0, F1,F7,F8
- Established in 2007, originally as a project run by various organisations and peers
- Fast-growing project, currently with 1.800 registered users in Berlin



What we offer

Need-adapted treatment

Low-level therapeutic work, direct guidance to necessary treatment/support option

Trialogue

Teamwork with peers and family members in a method of open dialogue

• Home treatment

Care and support at home through the assigned case managers (network discussions, crisis plans, network maps)

• Non-hospital setting

Crisis refuge (stays lasting from a few minutes to several days and weeks), the assigned case managers remain central point of contact

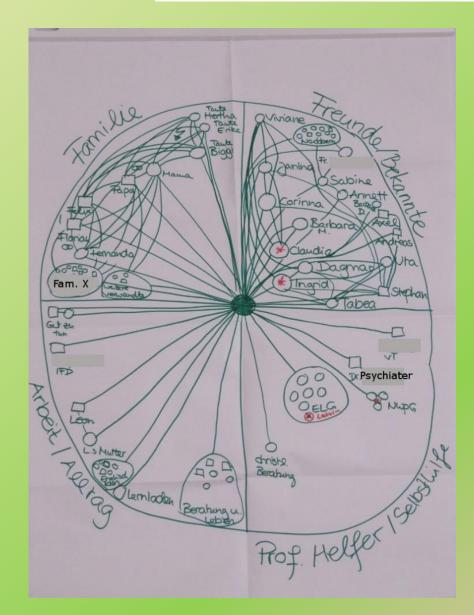
• Hotline/ accessibility

24/7 hotline available in case of crisis, manned by teams/manager; direct access to the assigned case managers during working hours



Our Network - Focus

- Who are the significant people (VIPs)?
- Who provides support in case of crisis?
- Who notices a crisis first?





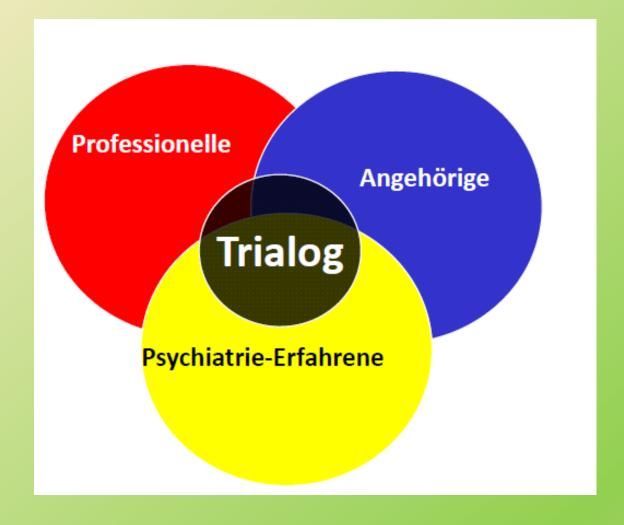
Who we are – our teams

Multi-professional care teams meet each other on equal footing

- Team leader case management
- Case managers working in trialogue
 Psychologists, social workers, psychiatric nurses, peers and family members et al
- Medical centres within the network: 5 doctors for psychiatry/ psychotherapy available for clients and offer of on-call services
- Inclusion of client's own doctors into the network

The whole staff is specially trained in systemic network and family therapy (open dialogue)

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Culture of medical science (evidence based)

- Research
- Collection of knowledge (data)
- Objectivity
- Classification
- Implementation of standards



Culture of a Trialogical Approach

- Narration
- Searching for sense
- Subjective exchange
- Accepted chaos
- Looking for individual ways



Two cultures

- Psychiatry based on experience
- Quantitative and qualitative Research
- Looking for knowledge and sense
- Balance between objectivity and subjectivity
- Creating a system based on construction
- Aceptance of real chaos
- Introduction of individual strategies



Aspects of trialogical work

- Collective work with clients
 Outing and bearer of hope
- Change of perspective
 Open Dialogue
 (following Jaakko Seikkula / Volkmar Aderhold)
- Collegial work within the team
 - Quality management
 - Change of language
 - "Not without us about us"



(1) Outing

- Peers: Experts through study and profession work with specific patterns of explanations
- Professionals: This is an individual attitude
- Question: Is "outing" expected from peers by the professionals?



(2) "Professional closeness"

- Jörg Utschakowski (main force behind the EXperienced-INvolvement programme development in Europe) coined the concept of "professional closeness" in opposite to the broadly known "professional distance"
- Peers can relate to emotions and special life situations of clients in a different way than their professional colleagues by sharing their own experiences and recovery steps



(3): Change of Perspective

- Turning a crisis into a chance
- Learning from each other: sharing knowledge and strategies
- Misconceptions can be clarified through an open dialogue



(4) Processual approach

- Peers have less "fear" of crisises
- Peers know that a crisis is a complex process
- Peers are not solution-focused but know that being heared and understood is basic
- Peers have experienced that growing and recovering takes time



Development for the trialogical concept

- Daily psychiatric praxis (Inclusion of peers)
- Health politics: Planning und "Qualitiy Control" (Commity work)
- Participatory Research: Subjectivity, Recovery, Empowerment
- Education, Lectures, Workshops, Conferences
- Antistigma Campaigns



Assertive Community Treatment **A Trialogical** Network Approach in Berlin

Thank you very much for your appreciated attention!

Dr. Susanne Ackers

Dr. Thomas Floeth



Literature

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